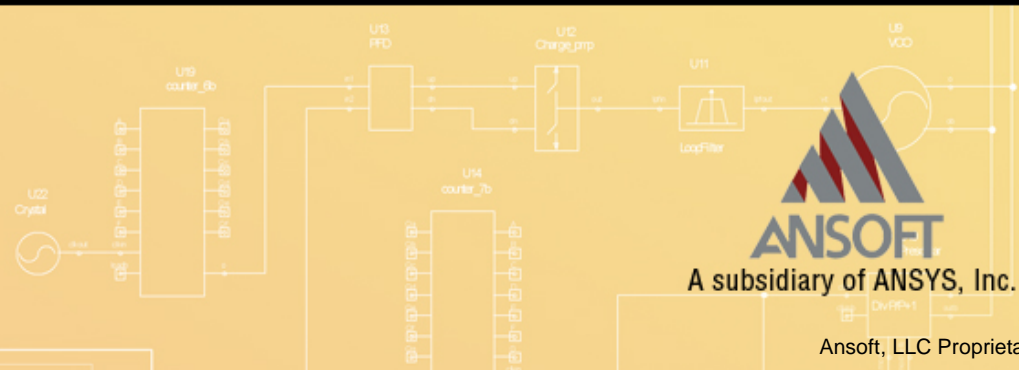
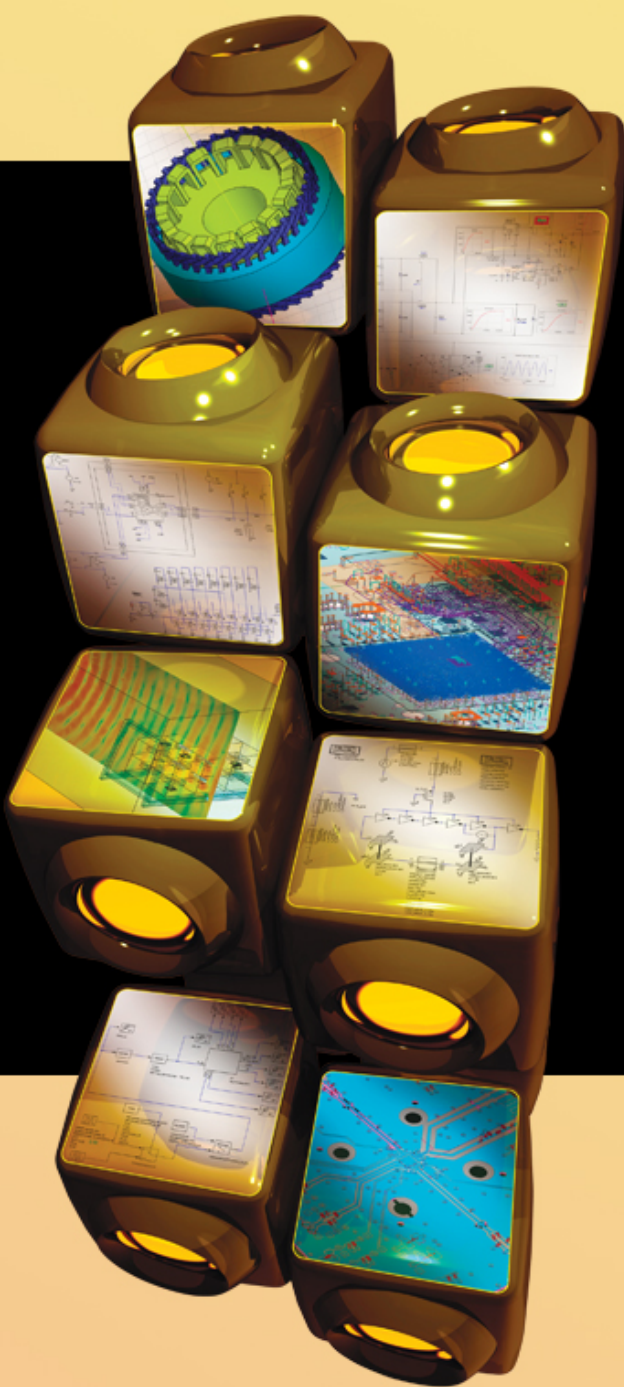


Inspiring Engineering

RF Signal Integrity

Authors: Minhong Mi & Greg Pitner
Ansoft LLC

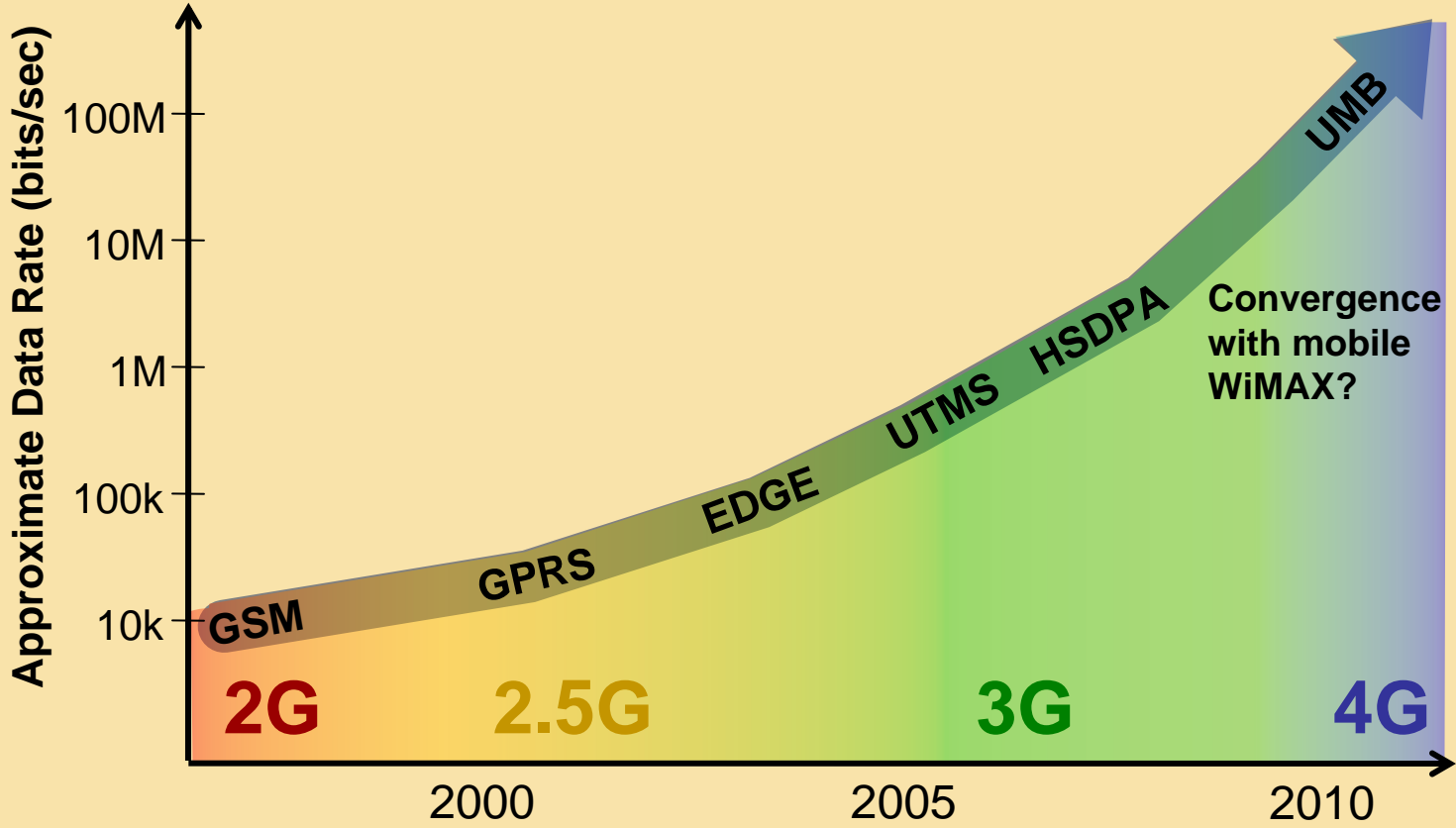


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Ansoft, LLC Proprietary

- Wireless technology trends and RF Signal Integrity Challenges
- Electromagnetic Simulation Methodologies
 - Package/Board Co-Simulation Requirements
 - Automation: Hybrid EM SimWizard
- Circuit/System Simulation Methodologies
 - Digital/RF Simulation Divide
 - Bridging the Divide: RF+D Simulation Technique
- UWB Radio Design Example
 - Analyzing the impact of package/PCB parasitics
 - Incorporating digital noise in the RF simulation

Cellular Data Rates Accelerating

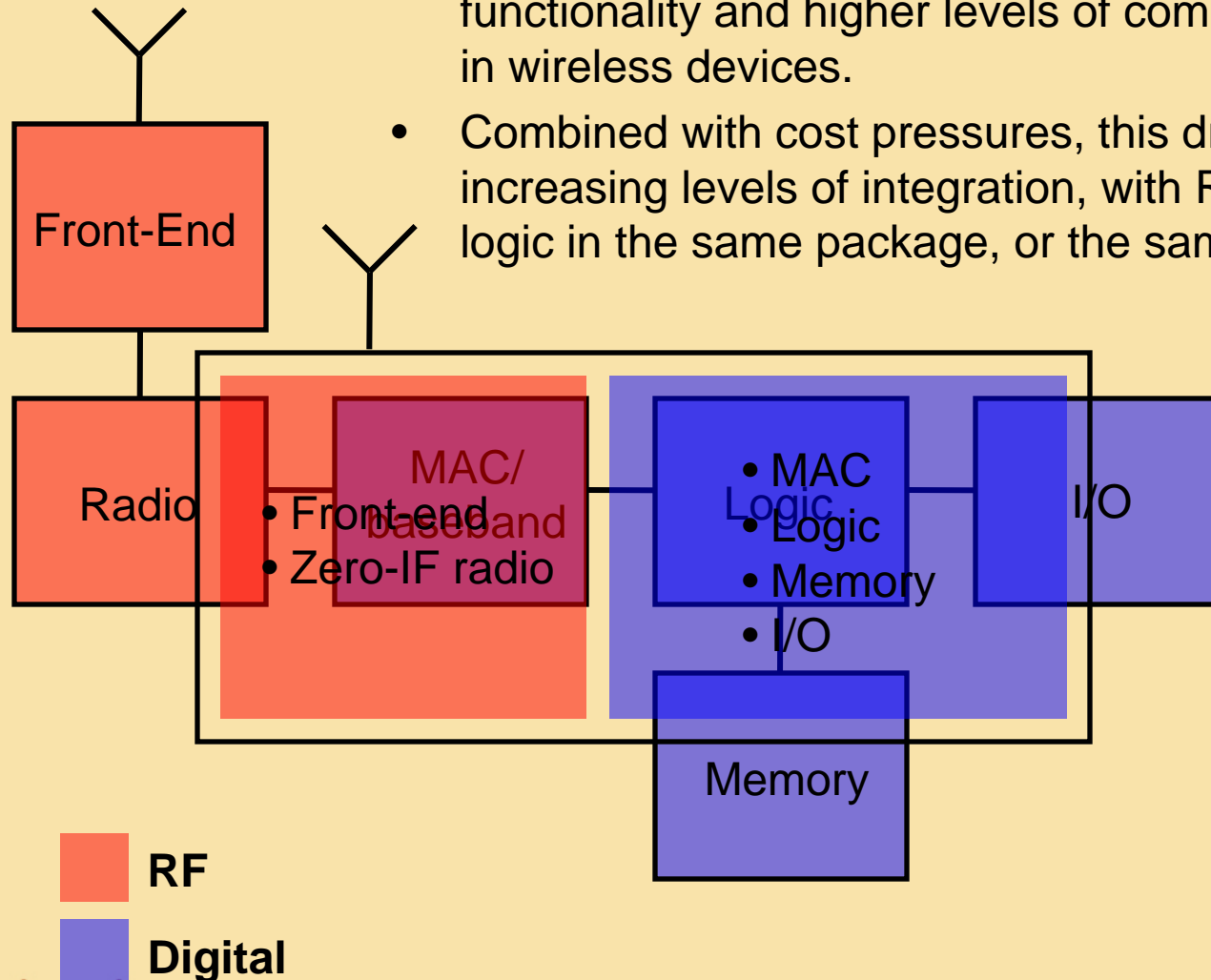


- GSM:** Global System for Mobile Communication
- GPRS:** General Packet Radio Service
- EDGE:** Enhanced Data Rates for GSM Evolution
- UTMS:** Universal Mobile Telephone Service
- HSDPA:** High-Speed Downlink Packet Access
- UMB:** Ultra Mobile Broadband

Convergence with mobile WiMAX?

Increasing Integration

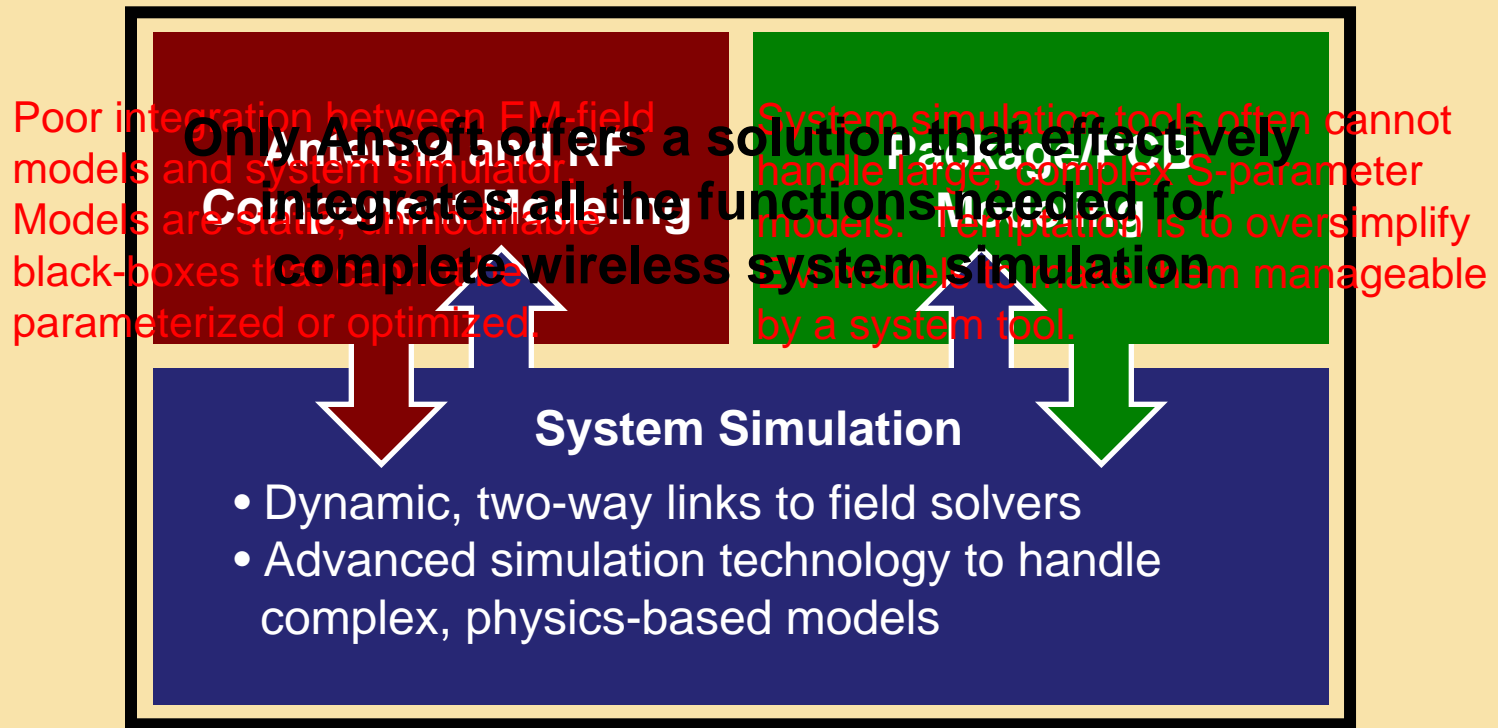
- Increasing data rates encourage greater functionality and higher levels of computing power in wireless devices.
- Combined with cost pressures, this drives increasing levels of integration, with RF and digital logic in the same package, or the same die.



- Simulation environment must encompass multiple domains and types of analysis. For example
 - Accurate EM modeling package/board structures
 - Time- and frequency-domain
 - Analog and digital circuits
- A comprehensive, integrated simulation methodology is needed

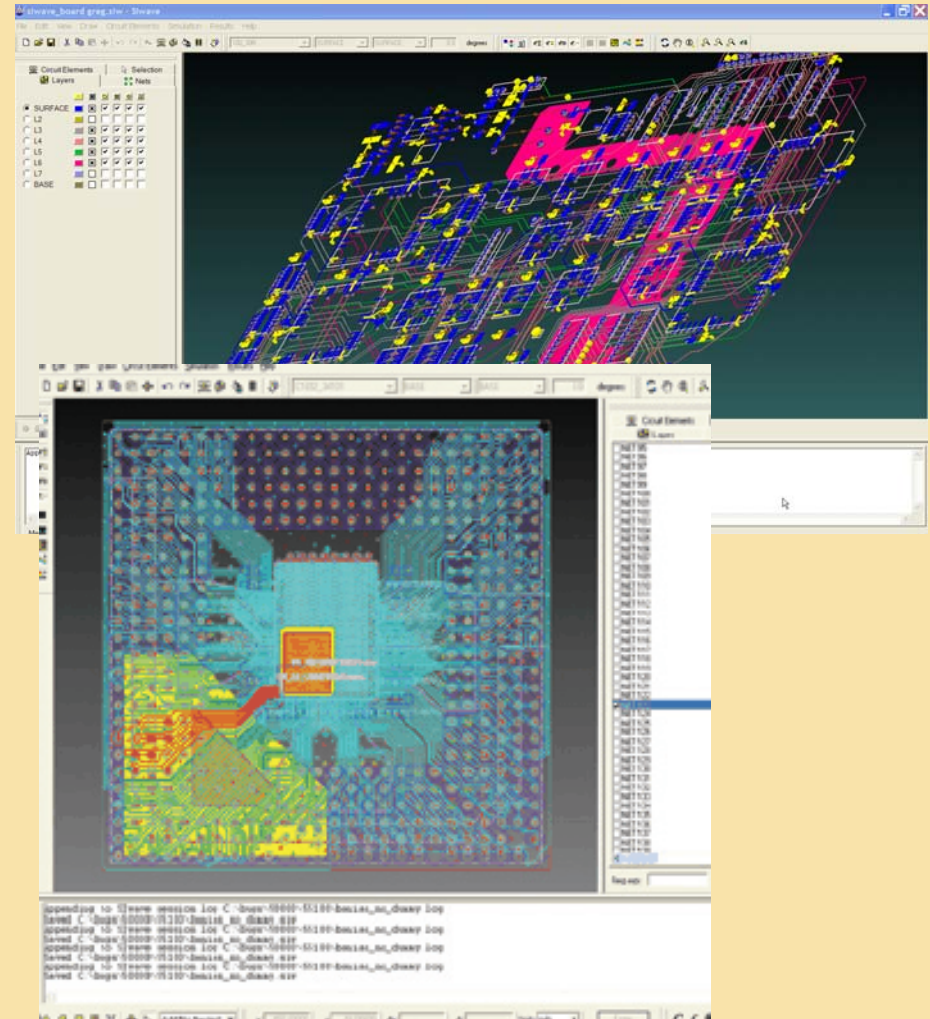
RF System Simulation

Complete wireless system simulation relies on multiple functions. Interoperability between functions is critical.



Package and PCB Modeling

- Full-wave modeling of packages and PCB's
- Need to capture extremely low level of coupling
- Use of cheap packages mandates arbitrary 3D solvers (HFSS)
- Complex board structures are more suitable to be analyzed with SIwave



Hybrid EM Simulation Wizard

- Automates the whole EM Simulation Process
- Reduces the simulation setup time from hours to minutes
- Minimize the possibility of errors
- Easy to use for IC designers

Hybrid EM Simulation Wizard

Step 5: Setup Frequency Sweep

Frequency Range Setup

	Start Freq /Hz	Stop Freq /Hz	Num Points	Distribution
1	0	5E+009	501	Linear
2	5E+009	10E+009	11	Linear

Minimal Rise/Fall Time: Sec

Sweep Options

Discrete Sweep
 Interpolating Sweep

Error Tolerance:

Number of Interpolation Points:

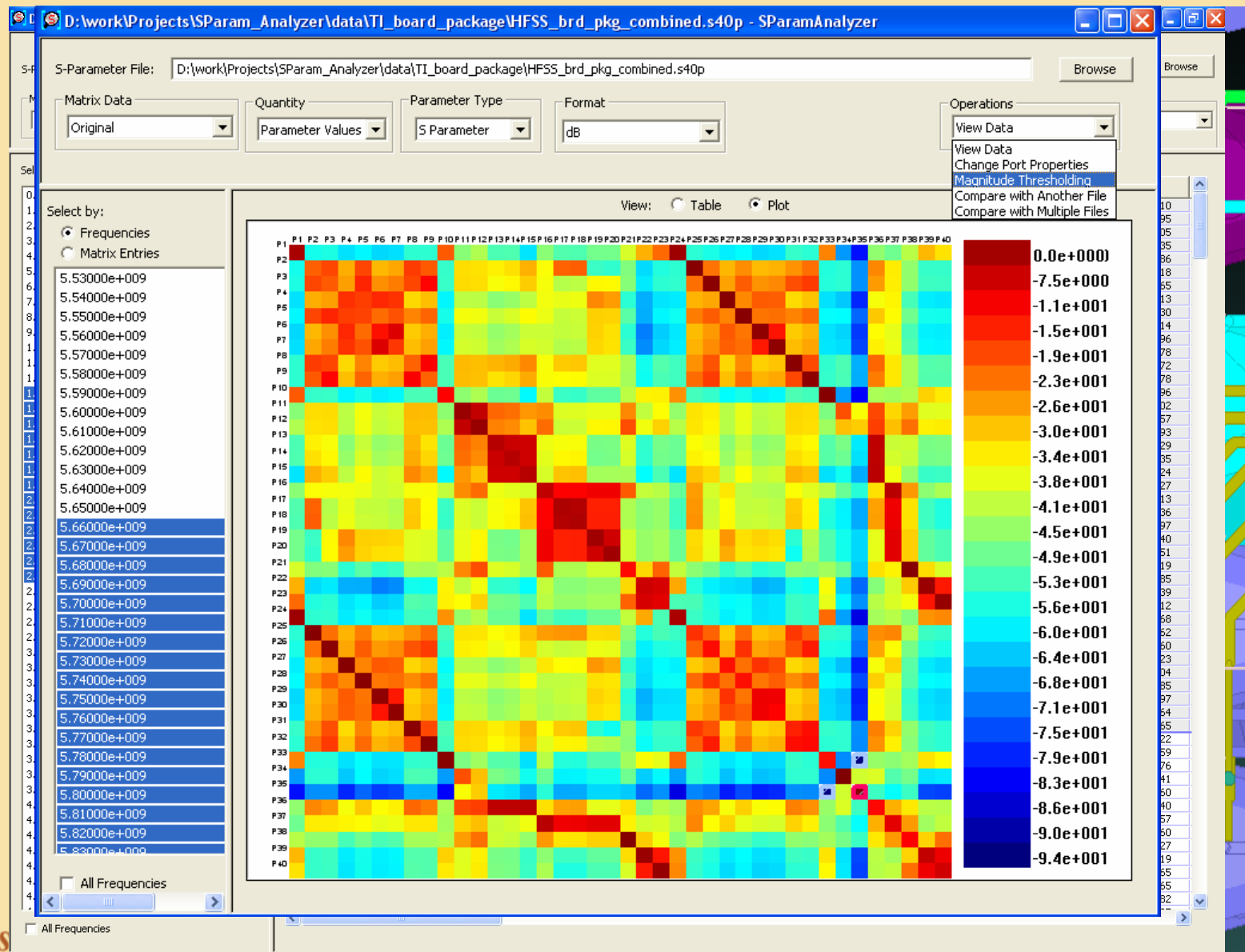
Parameter Plot Options

Plot S-Parameters
 Plot Y-Parameters
 Plot Z-Parameters
 Plot Magnitudes at All Ports
 Plot Phase at All Ports

Step 6: Execute

Perform ERC during simulation setup

S-Parameter Analyzer



Digital Circuits

- ✗ Harmonic Balance
- ✓ Transient

The harmonic balance method is not well-suited to circuits that are both very large and highly nonlinear.

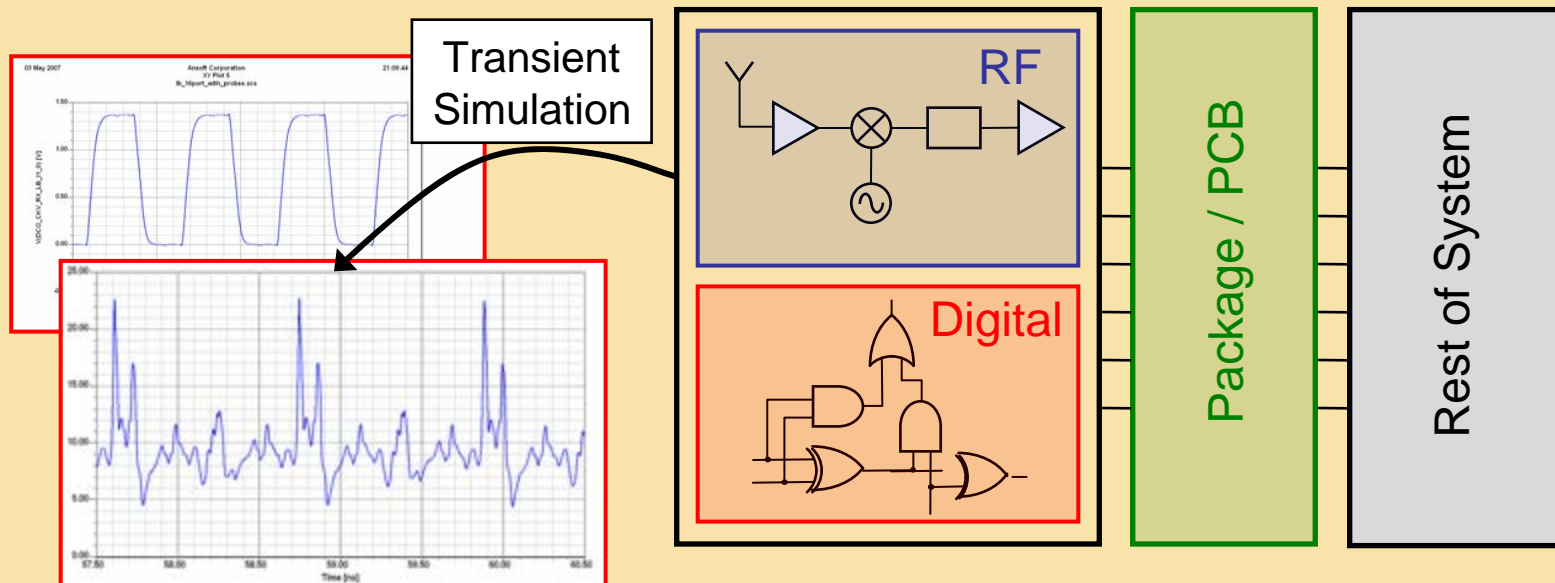
RF Circuits

- ✓ Harmonic Balance
- ✗ Transient

Transient simulations are often impractical. A very large number of carrier wave cycles must be simulated to capture the lower-frequency modulation.

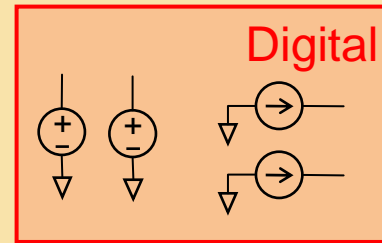
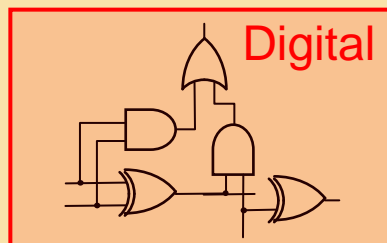
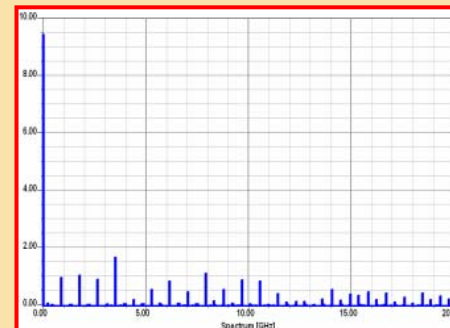
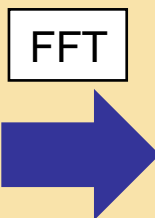
Bridge the Divide: RF+D

- Run a transient simulation of the system for enough time to obtain representative “aggressor” digital waveforms.
 - We do not need the long run times that would be required to characterize the RF circuit using transient analysis
 - S-parameter models can optionally be simplified before state-space fitting since we are only seeking the aggressor waveforms at this point. Full coupling not necessary



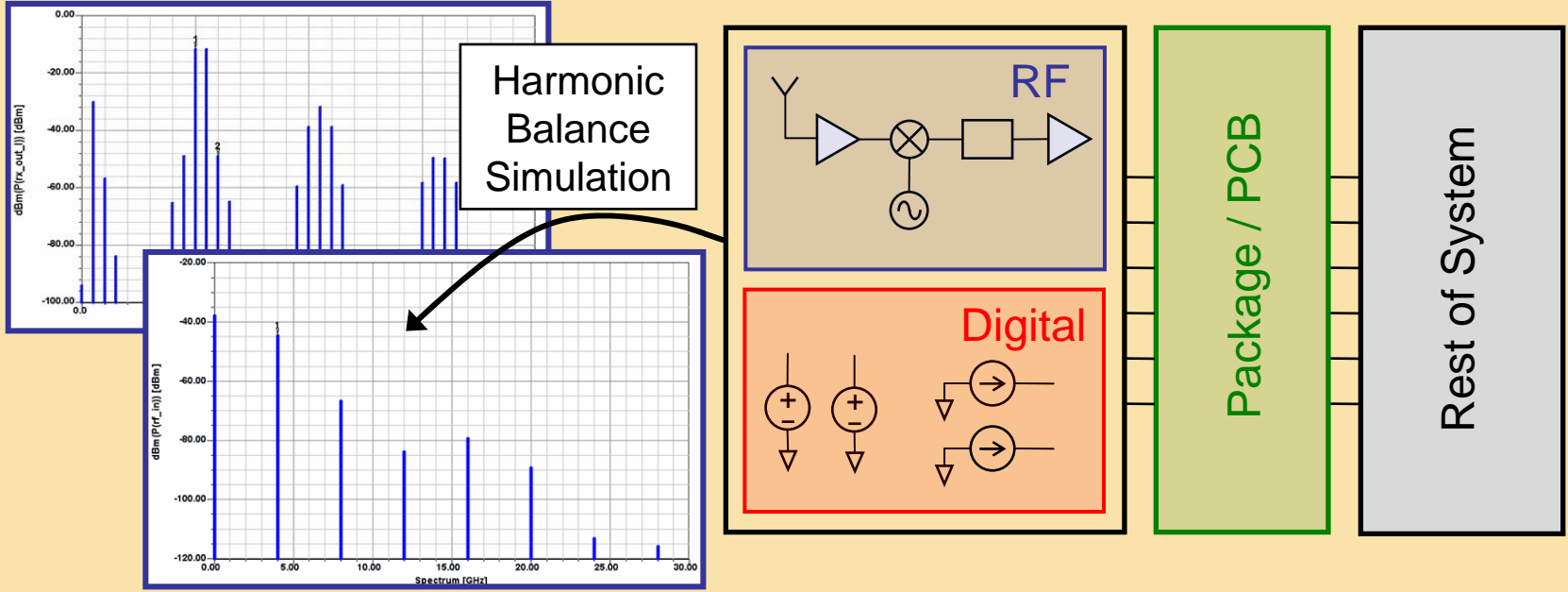
Bridge the Divide: RF+D

- FFT digital aggressor waveforms to the frequency domain to prepare for HB simulation
- Represent digital sources as frequency-domain sources
 - Periodic time-domain sources (such as piece-wise linear or pulse sources) can be directly included in an HB simulation. Simulator calculates Fourier spectrum automatically.



Bridge the Divide: RF+D

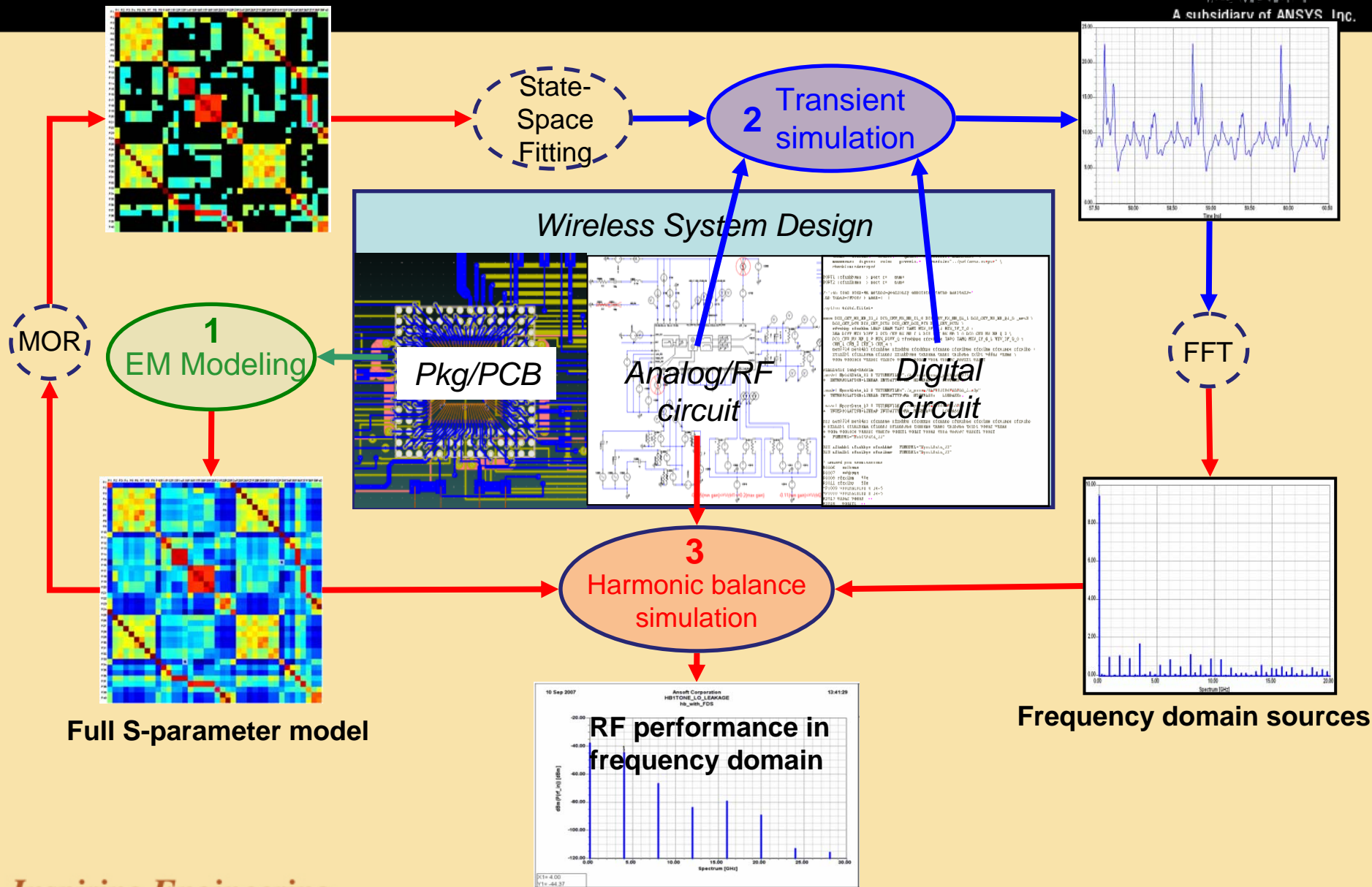
- Run HB simulation with frequency domain digital sources and complete S-parameter models to find the system RF performance in the presence of digital noise



RF+D Summary

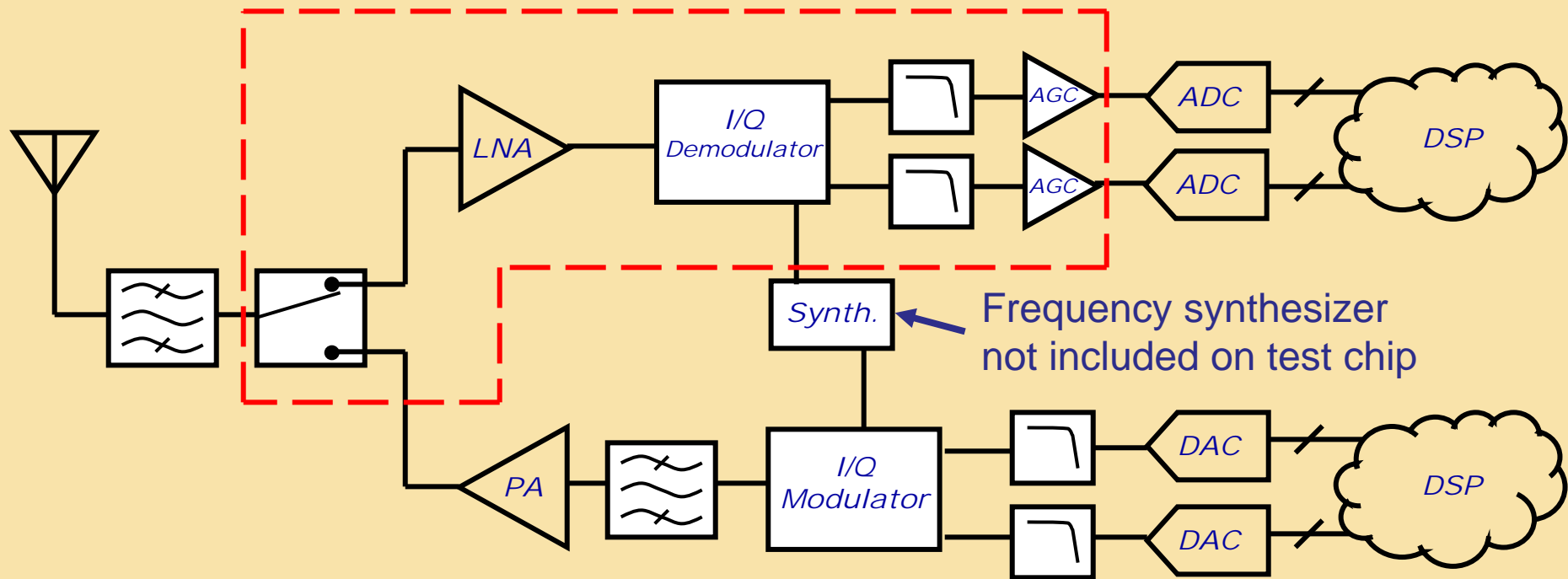


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Design Example: UWB Radio

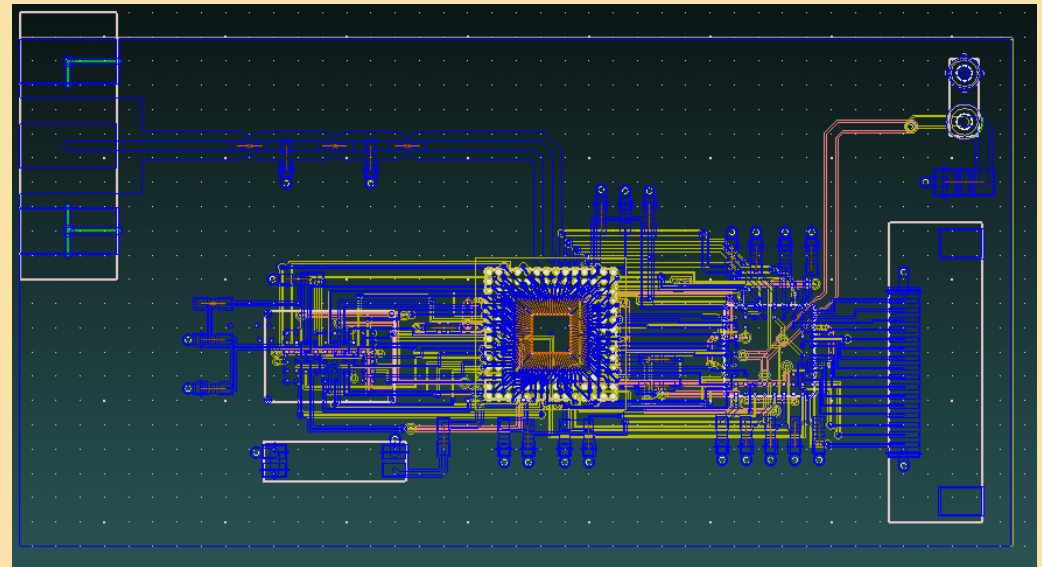
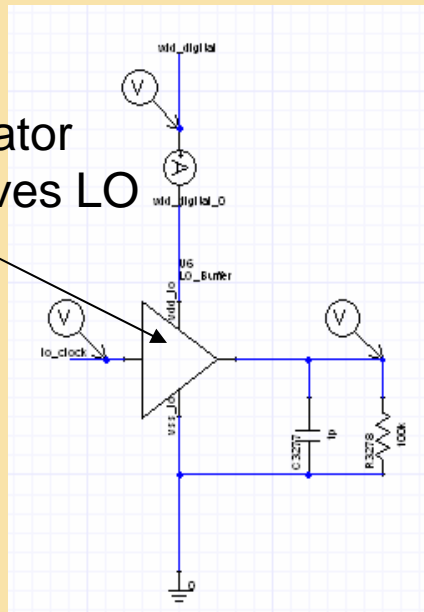
- Test chip of the receiver was fabricated in 0.13 μ m CMOS process
- Packaged in a 32-pin QFN package
- Demonstrated to work on a test board



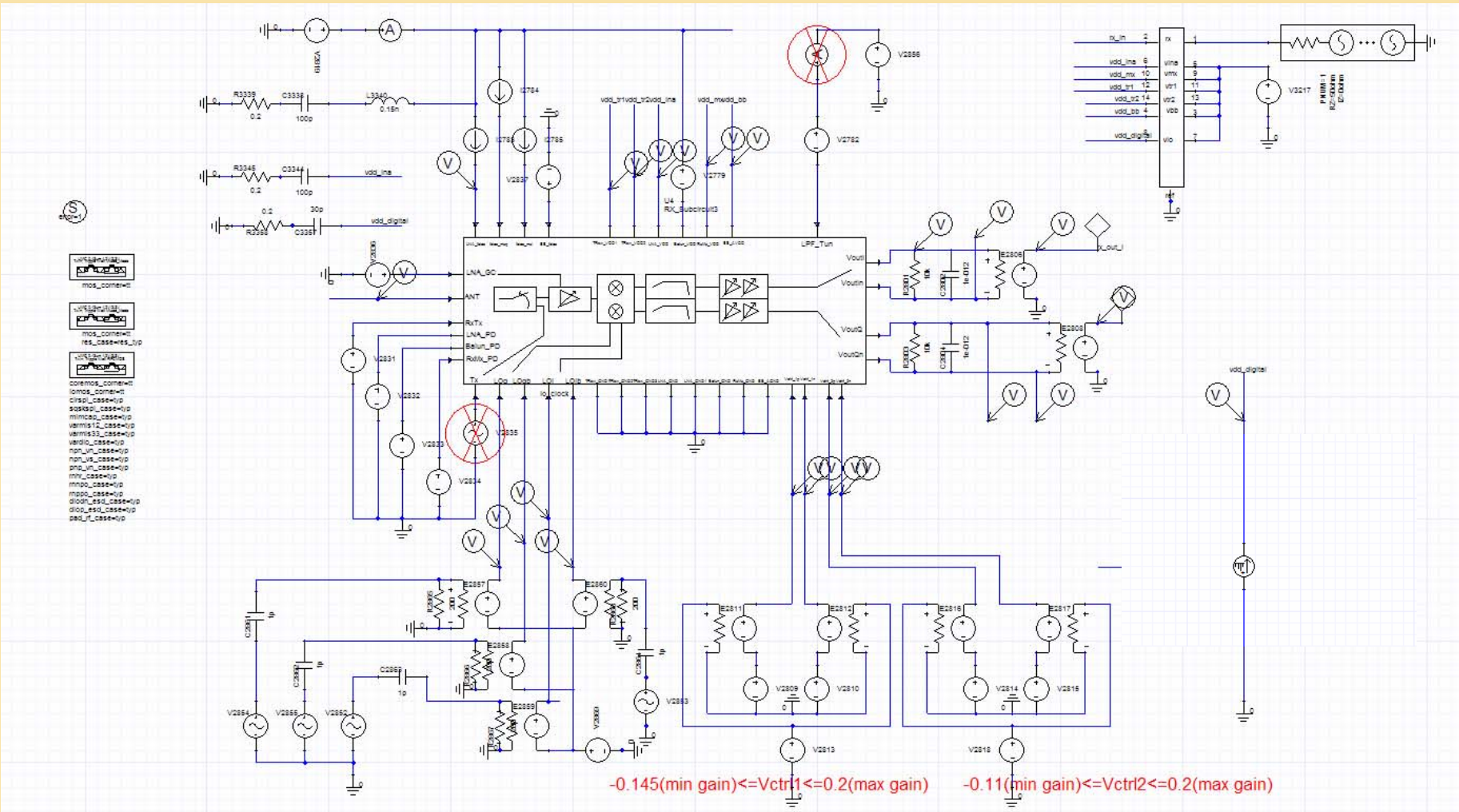
RF+D Methodology Validation

- To validate RF+D we will add some digital components to the UWB receiver, as in a system-on-a-chip, with a new package and PCB model.
- But we will intentionally keep the total system small enough that it can be simulated unmodified using HB.
- Then compare unmodified HB results with the RF+D results.

Local oscillator
buffer redrives LO
signal



RF+D Methodology Validation



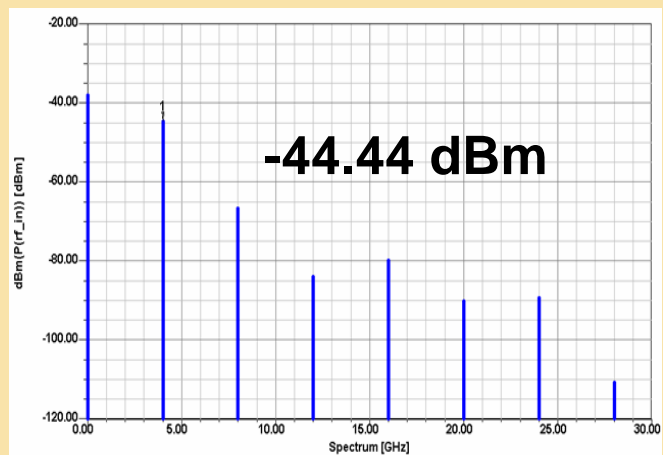
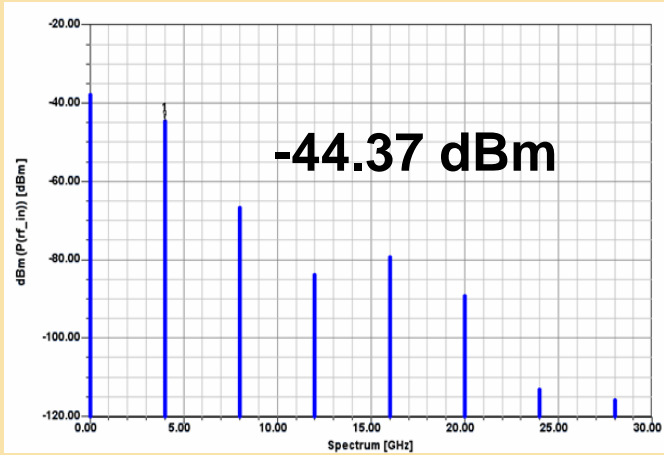
Result Comparison



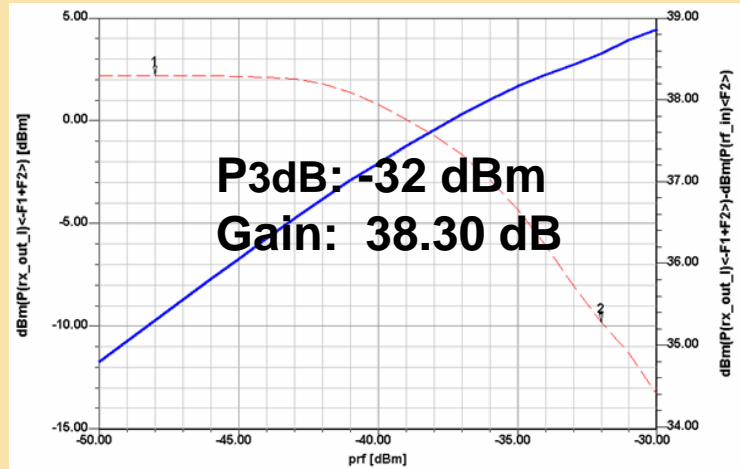
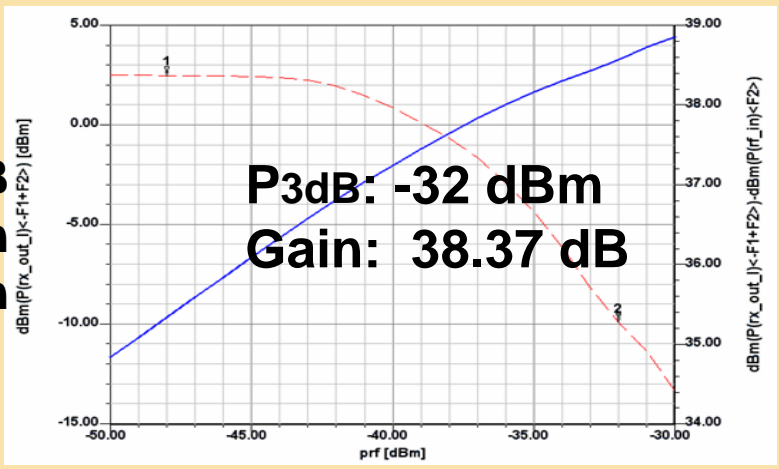
RF+D

Unmodified HB

LO leakage power



3dB compression and gain

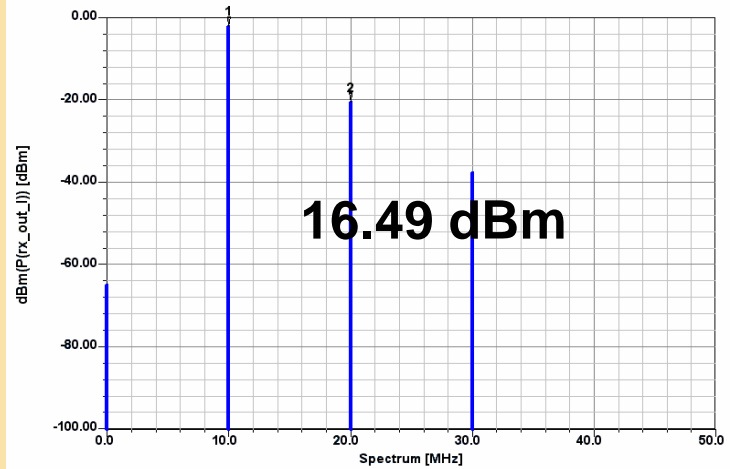


Result Comparison

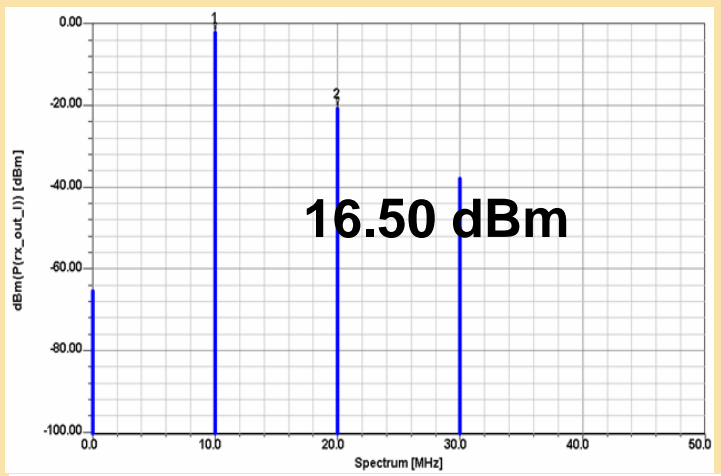


IP2

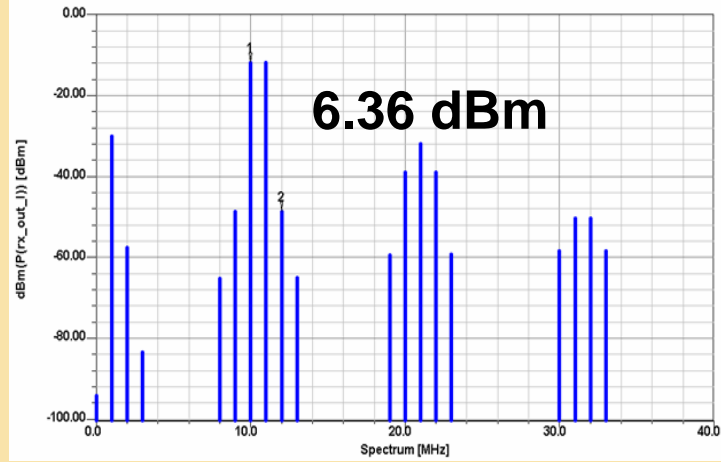
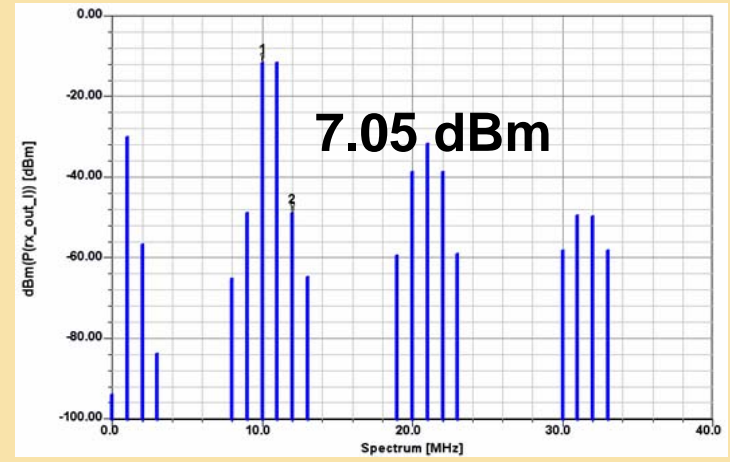
RF+D



Unmodified HB



IP3



- The difficult problem of RF Signal Integrity is solved with the combination of and interoperability between
 - Best-in-class electromagnetic model extraction
 - Powerful and flexible system simulation
- Ansoft provides the breadth of expertise needed to address the multi-disciplinary nature of modern wireless design