

HVAC Drive System Analysis

Dennis Steward – Ansoft

David Divins – International Rectifier



LeadingInsight

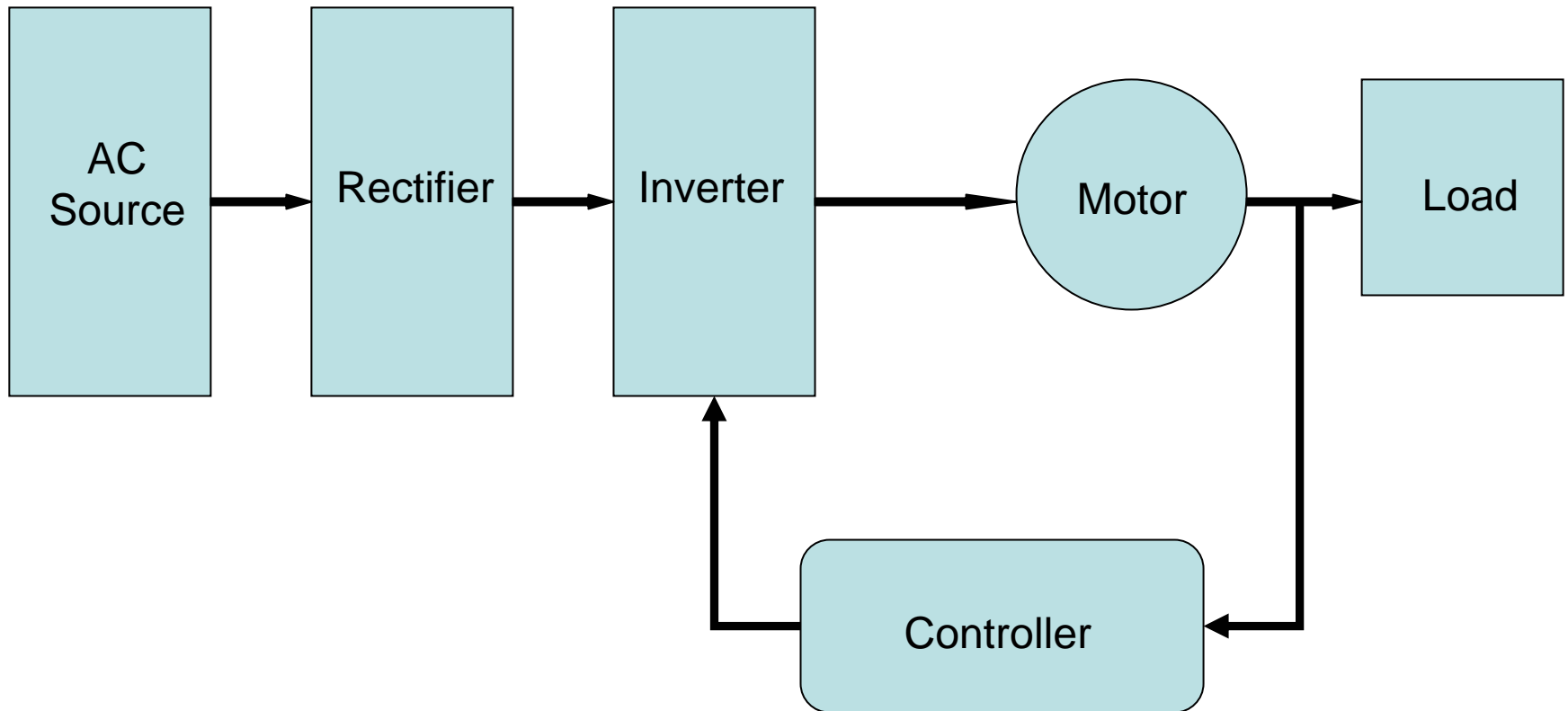
Application Workshops for High-Performance Design

Presentation Goals

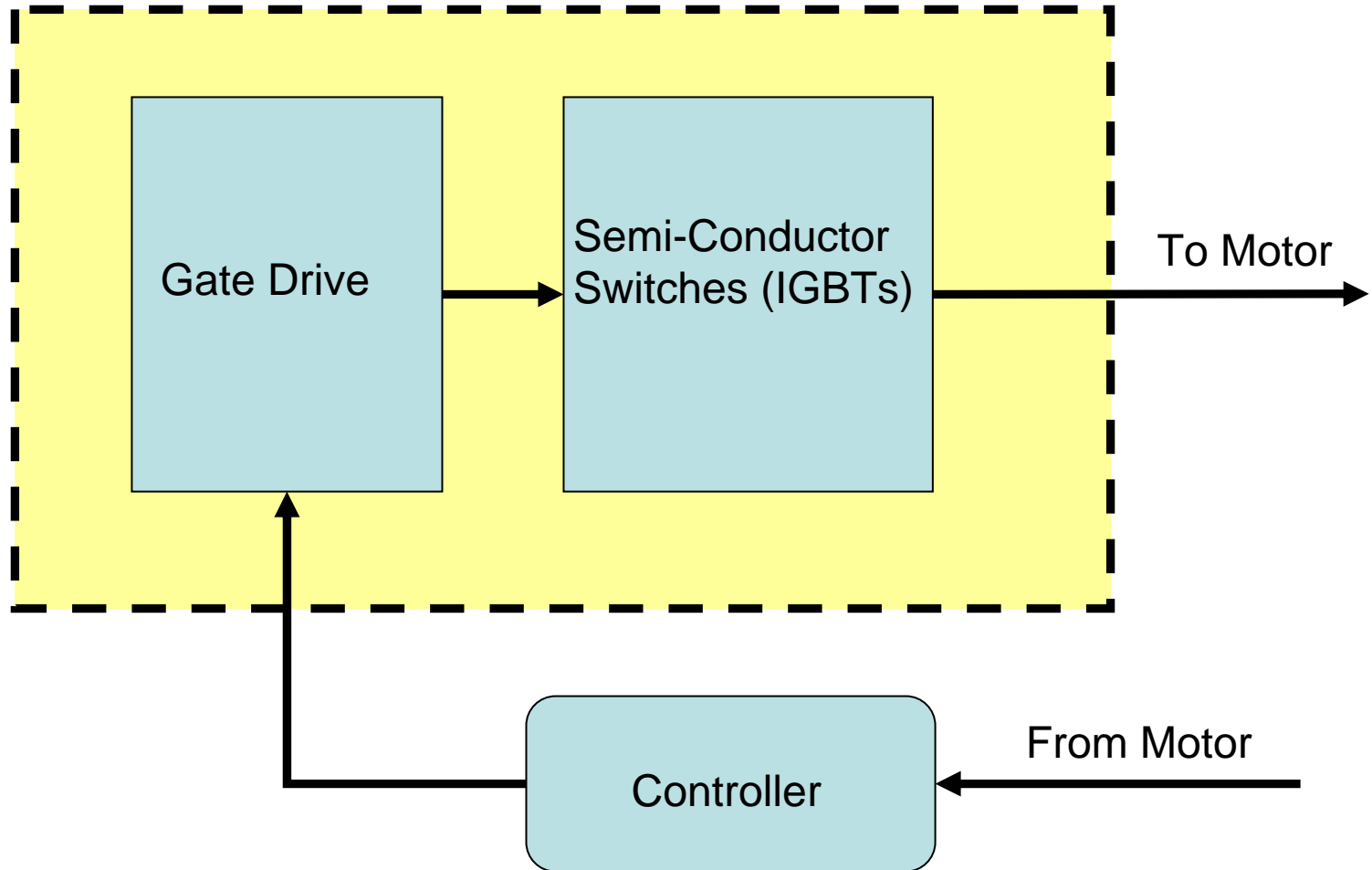
- Consider HVAC Drive System
- Discuss relative benefits of Modular Drive IC vs. Discrete Component construction
- Highlight Analysis Capabilities in Simplorer
 - Details of Systems may be Studied
 - Hierarchical Modeling
- Describe Further Analysis Options
 - Dynamic IGBT Parameterization
 - Optimization



Basic Components Of a Drive System



Inverter Components



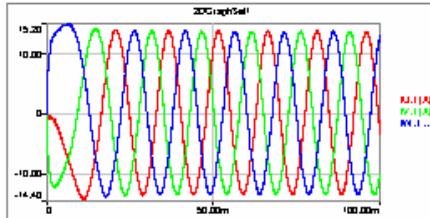
Modular Drive Considerations

- Fewer Components to Place on PCB
- Smaller Footprint than Discrete Design
- Easier Heatsink Application
- Gate Drive Design Is Fixed
- May Be More Economical than Discrete Design

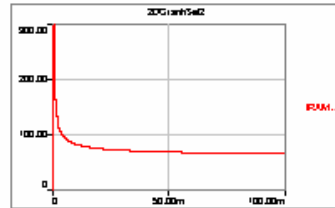
Modular Drive System Top Level Schematic

International Rectifier IRAMS10UP60A Integrated Power Module Simulation

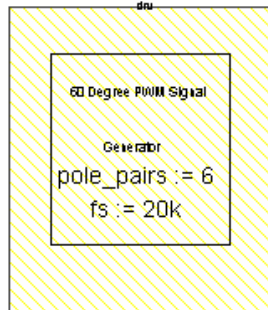
Phase Currents



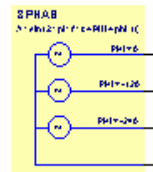
Power Loss



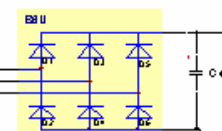
60 Degree PWM Signal Generator



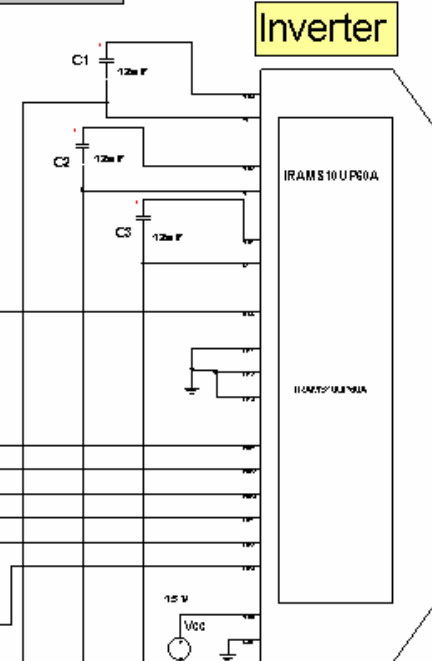
AC Source



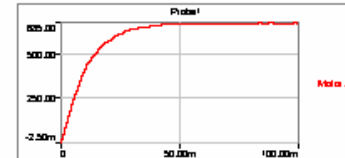
Rectifier



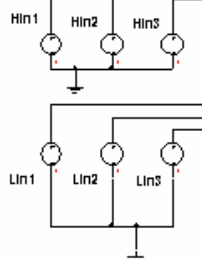
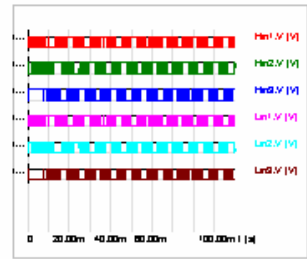
Inverter



Motor Speed



Switching Signals

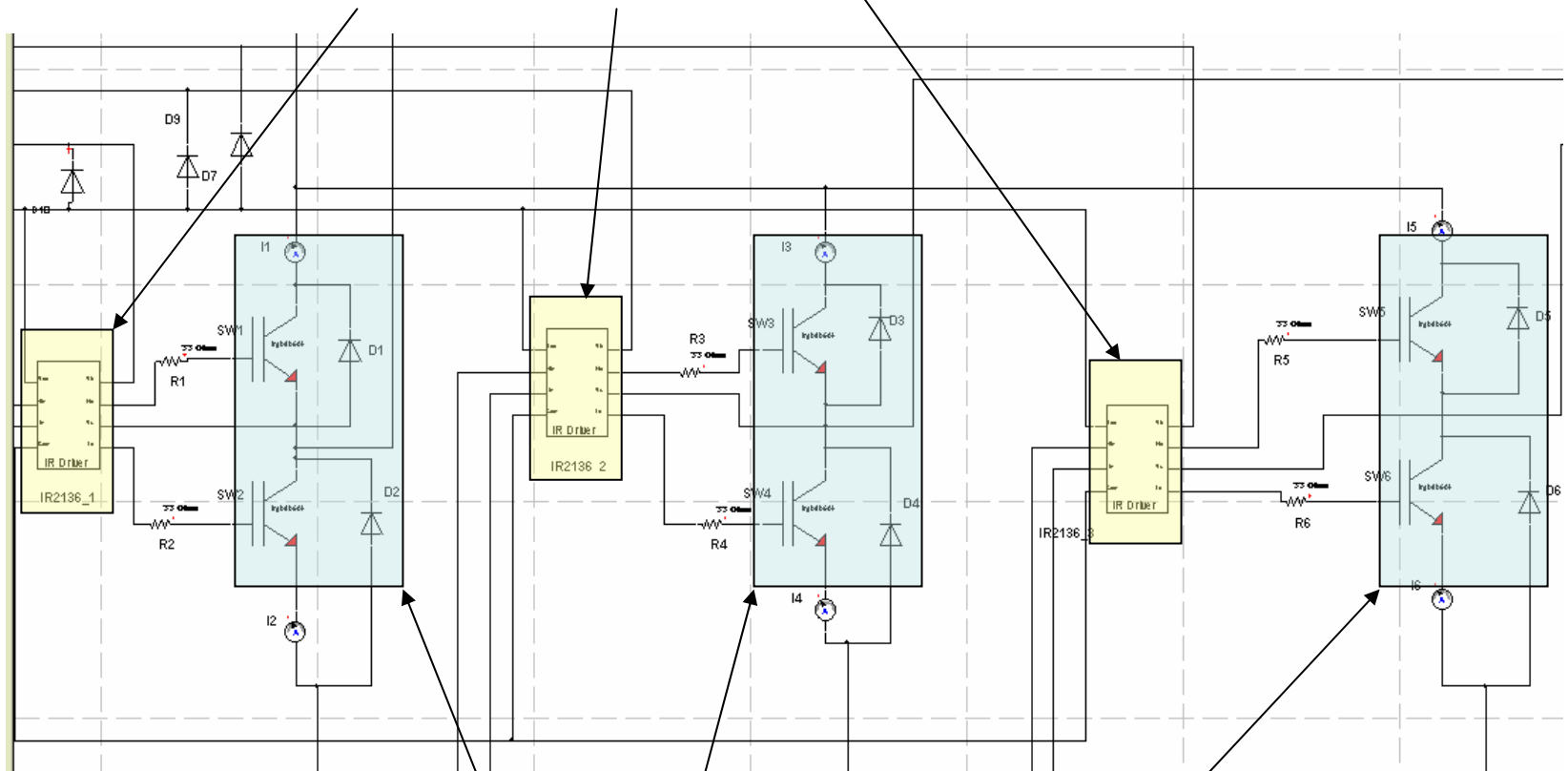


Motor & Load

Hierarchical Modeling

First Subsheet Level

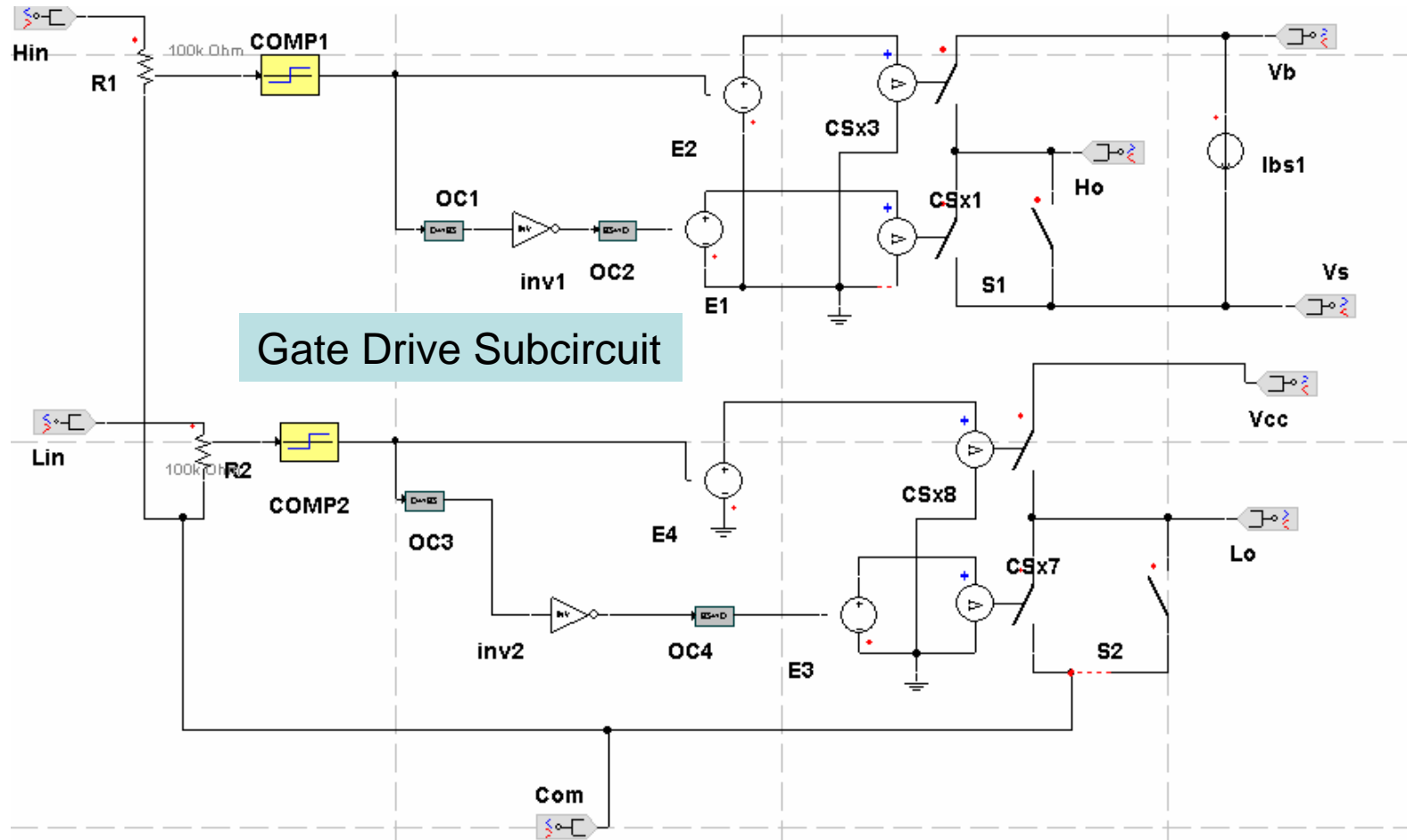
Three-Phase Gate Driver



IGBTs and Free-Wheeling Diodes (FWDs)
From Converted SPICE Models

Hierarchical Modeling

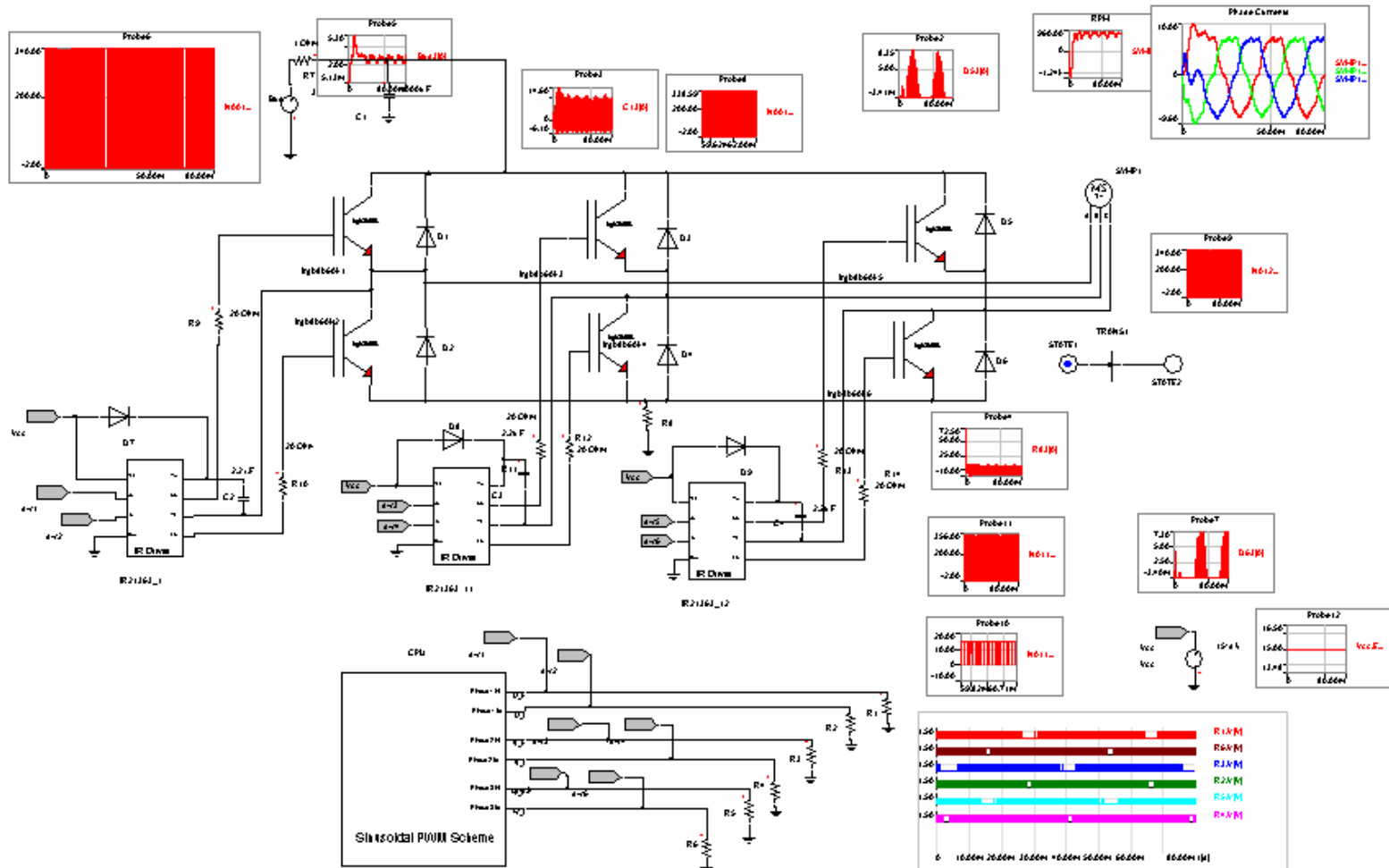
Second Subsheet Level



Discrete Drive Considerations

- More Components to Place on PCB
- Larger Footprint than Discrete Design
- More Challenging Heatsink Design
- Full Control Over Gate Drive
- May Be More Economical than Modular Design

Discrete Drive System

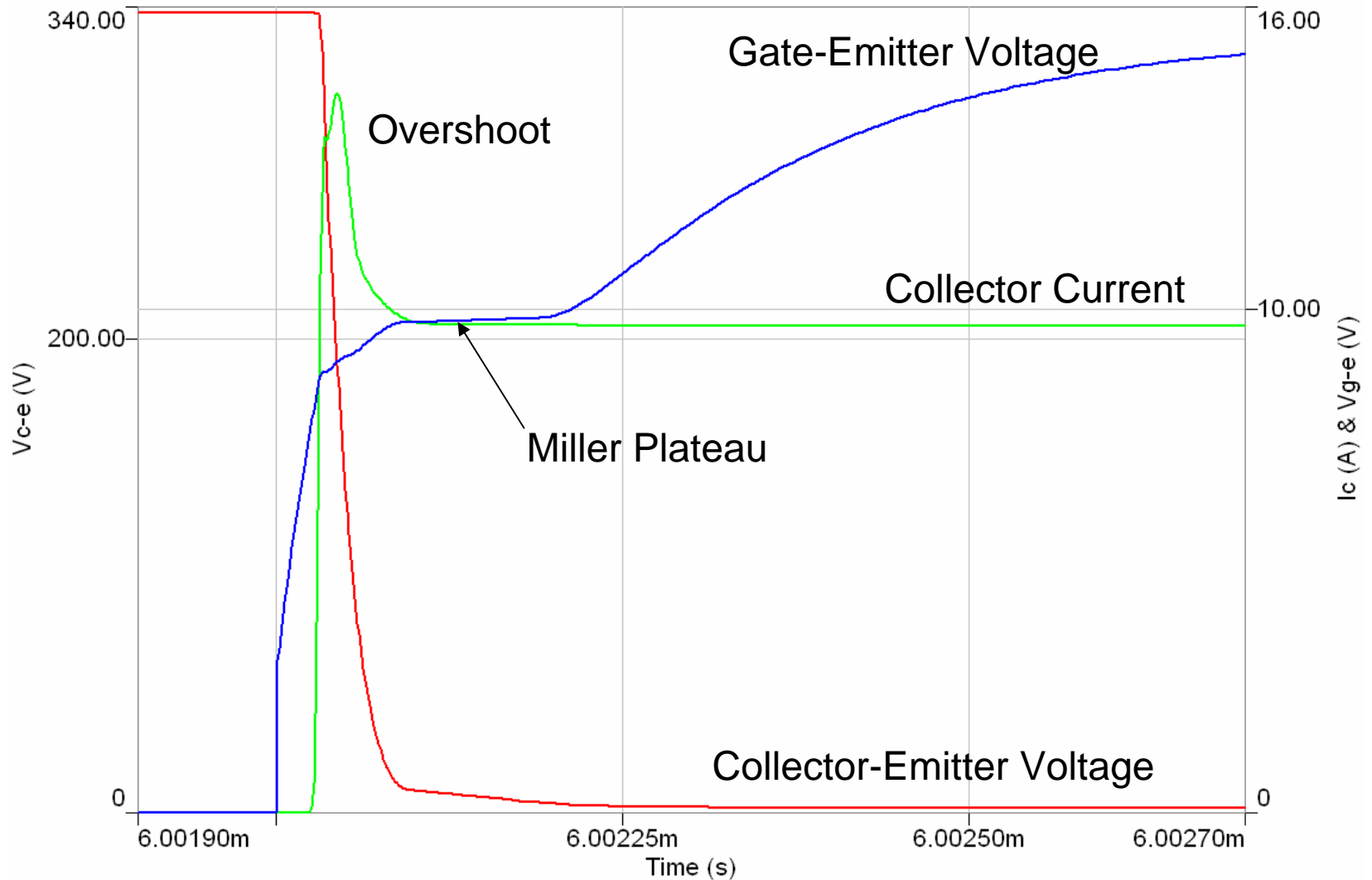


Why Simulate ?

- Cheaper than Building and Testing
- Faster Than Building and Testing
- Quickly Gain Insight into System
 - Power Dissipation
 - Thermal Considerations
 - PWM Strategy Comparison
 - Load Modeling
 - EMI / EMC Issues
- Entire System may be validated

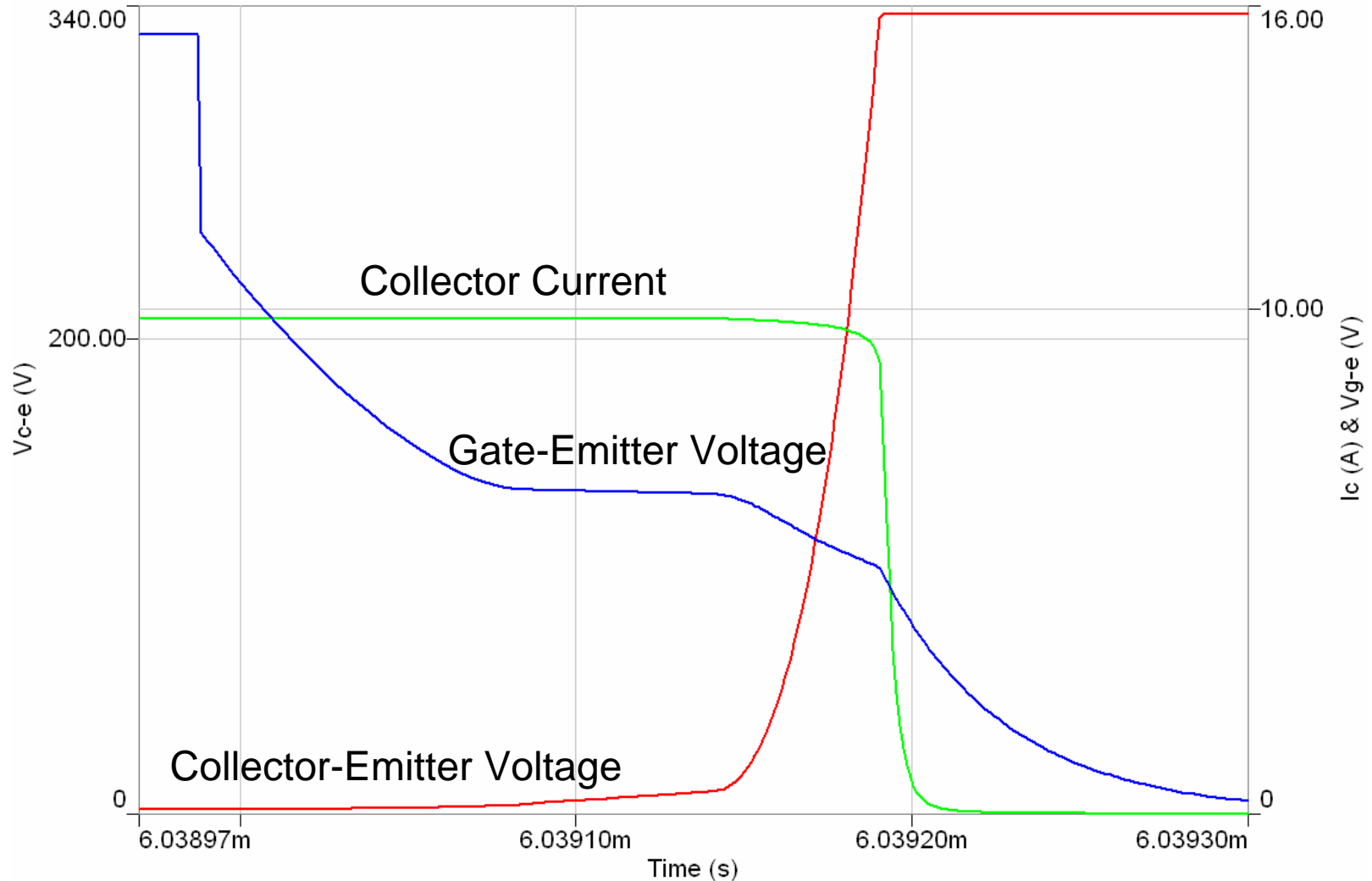
Switching Behavior – Turn On

Typical IGBT Turn On

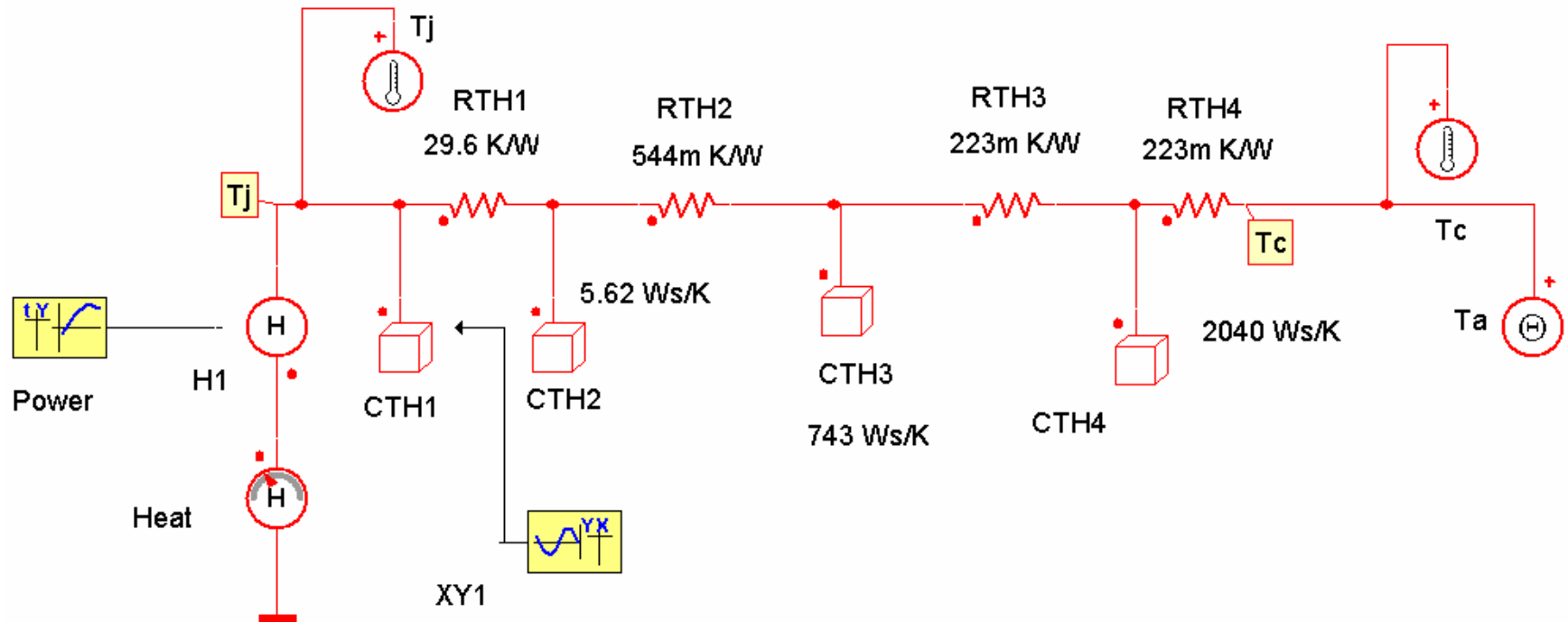


Switching Behavior – Turn Off

Typical IGBT Turn Off



Typical Thermal Equivalent Network



PWM Strategies

- Sinusoidal

- Easiest scheme to understand and implement
- Maximum phase voltage is 50% of the bus
- Phase current is sinusoidal
- Motor Line to Neutral is 50% of the bus voltage

- 60 Degree PWM

- Reduces Switching losses
- Motor Line to Neutral includes all of the triple harmonics (3rd, 9th, 15th, 21st, 27th, etc...)
- Provides 57.8% bus utilization
- Phase current is sinusoidal

PWM Strategies

- Space Vector Modulation
 - Utilizes 58.7% of the bus voltage
 - Believed to have better harmonic performance
 - Better aligned with digital techniques
 - Multiple variations
 - Phase Current is Sinusoidal
- 6 Step
 - Low switching loss
 - Estimated to have higher than 57.8% bus utilization
 - Phase current is trapezoidal
 - Tends to cause torque ripple in the motor

PWM Comparison

60 Degree vs. Sinusoidal

- Compare Power Dissipation
 - 60 Degree PWM vs. Sinusoidal PWM
 - Average Losses Lower For Sinusoidal Drive
 - 40.0W vs. 45.5W
- BUT!
 - 60 Deg Drive Delivers 19% more power to Motor for the same DC bus Voltage due to increased Bus Utilization

Motor Load (Fan)

- Fan Load Increases as the Square of the Motor Speed
- Easily Implemented in Motor Model

Properties - Motor - PM Synchronous without Damper

Parameters | Output / Display | Tolerances | Library

Name: Motor

Parameters (Value, Variable, Expression)

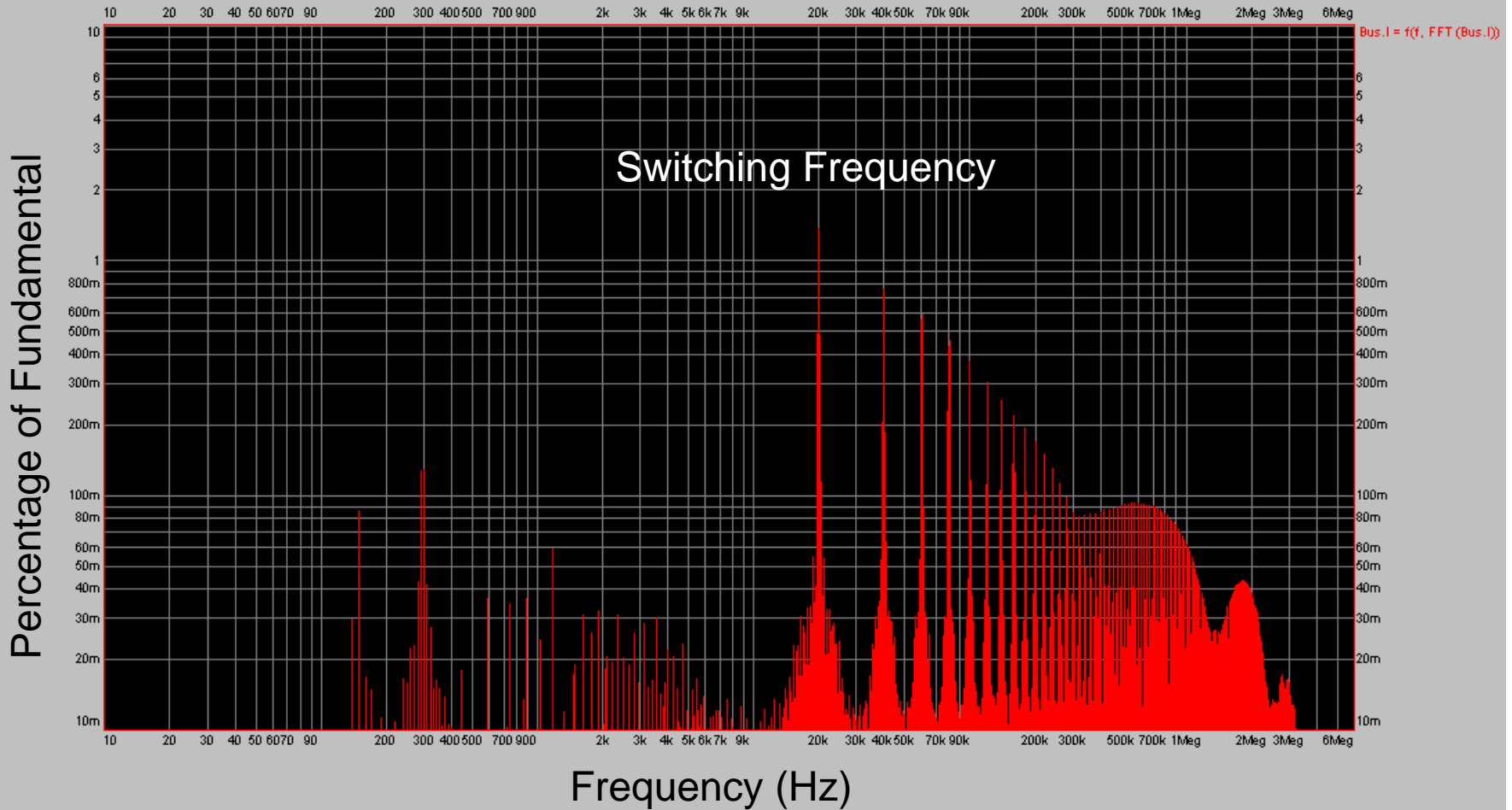
Description	Name	Value	Unit
Load Torque	LOAD	$\alpha * \text{Motor.Omega} * \text{Motor.Omega}$	Nm
Stator Resistance	R1	15	Ohm
Stator Inductance d-Axis	L1D	10m	H
Stator Inductance q-Axis	L1Q	10m	H
Rotor Flux [Vs]	KE	100m	Wb
Number Of Pole Pairs	P	6	
Rotor Moment of Inertia	J	1m	kg m ²

EMI / EMC Analysis

- Using Simplorer's FFT Tools, relative comparisons of Harmonic Content may be made.
- Conducted EMI is more easily analyzed
- Radiated EMI could be analyzed with HFSS
- Sinusoidal Drive Creates more Low Frequency Harmonics than 60deg Drive

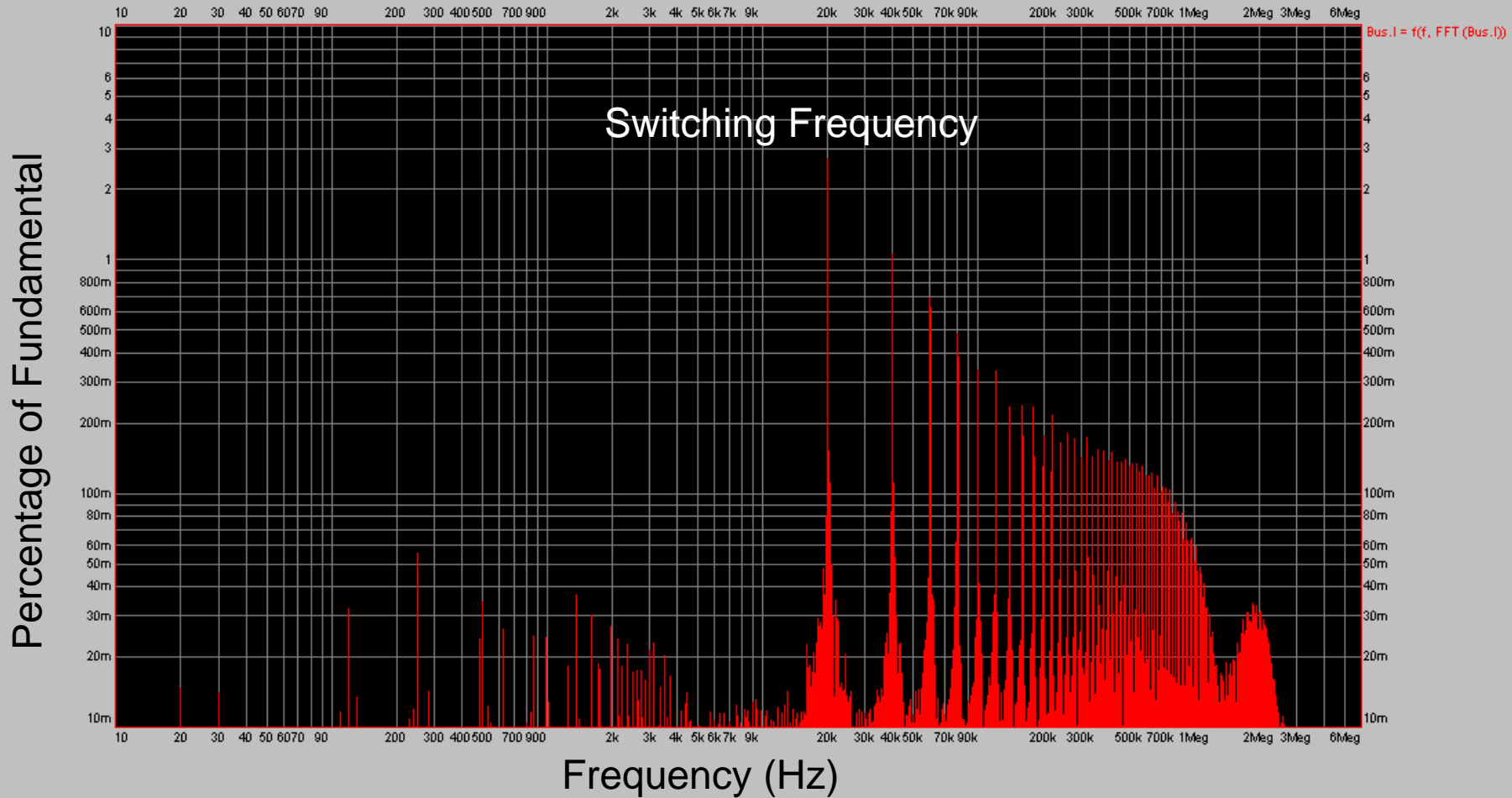
EMI / EMC Analysis

60deg PWM Drive – Bus Current Harmonic Content



EMI / EMC Analysis

Sinusoidal Drive – Bus Current Harmonic Content



Further Analysis

- Use Dynamic IGBT Models created with the Parameterization Wizard
- Use RMxpert Model for Motor
- Use ePhysics to analyze Thermal System

Conclusions

- Simplorer can be used to accurately predict Power Dissipation
- Simulation Provides Insight into EMI Issues and Thermal effects
- Different Switching Strategies May be Studied Easily
- Complete System Is Represented